# **Courses Offered**

# [New Syllabi Patterned on U.G.C. Model Curriculum]

# LLB

## Academic Session 2020-2021

# **First Year**

# LL.B. Part -I

## <u>Semester -i</u>

Paper Code	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks Full	Pass	External Marks Full	Pass	Full Marks	Pass Marks
Cout			гип	Fass	гип	rass	warks	IVIALKS
LLB101	Jurisprudence	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB102	Constitutional Law- I	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB103	Law of Contract	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB104	Maritime Law (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB105	General English	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

# <u>Semester - ii</u>

Paper	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks		External Marks		Full	Pass
Code	SUDJECTS		Full	Pass	Full	Pass	Marks	Marks
LLB201	Law of Crime	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	(Indian Penal Code)							
LLB202	Constitutional Law- ii	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB203	Family Law – I (Hindu Law)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB204	Women and Criminal Law (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB205	Legal Language	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

# Second Year

# LL.B. Part- II

# <u>Semester –iii</u>

Paper Code	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks Full	Pass	External Marks Full	Pass	Full Marks	Pass Marks
LLB301	Equily Law, H	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB301	Family Law – II (Muslim Law)	4	20	/	80	28	100	55
LLB302	Property Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB303	Law of Torts	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB304	Banking Law (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB305	Professional Ethics & Professional Accountancy System (Clinical Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

# <u>Semester – iv</u>

Paper	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks		External Marks		Full	Pass
Code			Full	Pass	Full	Pass	Marks	Marks
LLB401	Criminal Procedure Code.	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB402	Public International Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB403	Company Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB404	Humanitarian & Refugee Law (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB405	Moot Court Exercise and Internship (Clinical Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

# **Third Year**

# LL.B. Part-III

# <u>Semester - v</u>

raper	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks		External Marks		Full	Pass
Code			Full	Pass	Full	Pass	Marks	Marks
LLB501	Civil Procedure Code and	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Limitation Act.							
LLB502	Law of Evidence	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB503	Administrative Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB504	Intellectual Property Rights Law and I.P.R. Litigation (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance (Clinical Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

# <u>Semester - vi</u>

Paper	SUBJECTS	Credits	Internal Marks		External Marks		Full	Pass
Code			Full	Pass	Full	Pass	Marks	Marks
LLB601	Principals of Taxation	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB602	Environmental Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB603	Labour Law	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB604	Land Tenure (Optional Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
LLB605	Alternate Dispute Resolution (Clinical Paper)	4	20	7	80	28	100	35
	Total	20	100	35	400	140	500	175

	SCHOOL OF LEGAL STUD YBN UNIVERSITY RANCHI			
	<b>3 (THREE) YEAR LL.B. DEGREE COUF</b>		CREDIT	MARKS
	Semester - I	DESCRIPTION		
1	Jurisprudence	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Constitutional Law I	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Law of Contract	CORE COURSE	4	100
		ELECTIVE COURSE		
4	Maritime Law		4	100
5	General English	CORE COURSE	4	100
	Semester - II			
1	Law of Crimes I (Indian Penal Code)	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Constitutional Law II	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Family Law I (Hindu Law)	CORE COURSE	4	100
4	Women and Criminal Law	ELECTIVE COURSE	4	100
5	Legal Language	CORE COURSE	4	100
	Semester - III			
1	Family Law I (Muslim Law)	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Property Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Law of Torts	CORE COURSE	4	100
4	Banking Law	ELECTIVE COURSE	4	100
5	Professional Ethics and Professional AccountingSystem (Clinical Paper)	PRACTICAL	4	100
	Semester - IV			
1	Criminal Procedure Code.	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Public International Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Company Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
4	Humanitarian & Refugee Law	ELECTIVE COURSE	4	100
5	Moot Court Exercise and Internship (Clinical Paper)	PRACTICAL	4	100

	Semester - V			
1	Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act.	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Law of Evidence	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Administrative Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
4	Intellectual Property Rights Law and I.P.R. Litigation	ELECTIVE COURSE	4	100
5	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyance (Clinical Paper)	PRACTICAL	4	100
	Semester - VI			
1	Principles of Taxation Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
2	Environmental Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
3	Labour Law	CORE COURSE	4	100
4	Land Tenure	ELECTIVE COURSE	4	100
5	Alternative Dispute Resolution	PRACTICAL	4	100
		Total	120	3000

# **Courses of Study LL.B. Part-I (3-Years)**

## (First Semester)

## Paper-I

# Jurisprudence.

80 Marks

## Legal Theory and Concepts of Law

- 1. Definition, Nature, scope and utility of Jurisprudence
- 2. Nature of Law- General.
- 3. Administration of Justice, Necessity, Criminal Justice and its Purpose, Civil Justice and its Purpose, primary and sanctioning Rights.
- 4. Source of Law General.
  - a. Legislation- a source of law, nature, supreme legislation, subordinate legislation, its relation with other sources.
  - b. Precedent- a source of Law, meaning, theories, doctrine of stare decisis in India, power of the Supreme Court under Art.141 of the Constitution, Circumstances destroying or weakening the binding force of precedent, ratio dividend and obiter dicta, with relevant Indian case law.
  - c. Custom- a source of law, definition, characteristics of customs.
- 5. Natural Law Theory.
- 6. Positive Theory of Law.
  - a. Analytical school and imperative theory
  - b. Pure theory of Law.
  - c. Law as set of rules H.L.A. Hart.
- 7. Schools of Law
- 8. Persons, the concept of legal personality, legal status of lower animals, dead men, unborn person, corporations and the state.
- 9. Legal definition- wrongs, duties, rights, characteristics of legal rights, legal rights in wider sense [Hohfeldian analysis of legal rights] kinds of legal rights.
- 10. Ownership, definition, charactistics of ownership, subject matter, kinds of ownership.
- 11. Possession, idea, kinds, modes of acquiring possession, possession and ownership, possessory remedies.
- 12. Property, meaning, kinds, theories, modes of acquiring property.
- 13. Liability, nature and kinds, theory of remedial liability, theory of penal liability, negligence, theory of strict liability, vicarious liability, measures of civil and criminal liability.

# **Recommended Books and Reading**

- a. Dr. B.N.M.Tripathy Jurisprudence.
- b. N.V. Paranjpe, Jurisprudence.
- c. Fitzgerald P.J., Salmond on Jurisprudence.
- d. Dias, Jurisprudence.
- e. Mahajan V.D., J Jurisprudence. and legal theory.

# Semester - I

## Paper II

# Constitutional Law-I -

80 Marks

The course shall comprise of the following

- 1. Characteristics of the Indian Constitution. Special Emphasis shall be placed on
  - (A) Federal Structure and
  - (B) Form of the Government.
- 2. The preamble of the Constitution.
- 3. Citizenship (Articles 5 11)
- 4. Union Parliament: Organization, Procedure regarding Enactment of Legislation, Parliamentary Privileges.
- 5. Union Executive: The President, his Powers and Position including Ordinance Making Power.
- 6. Prime Minister and the Cabinet. Is the Prime Minister Real Head?
- 7. Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and the States. Territorial and Topical Distribution of Powers, power of Parliament to Legislate on State Matters. Doctrine of Territorial Nexus. Doctrine of Pith and Substance, Doctrine of Colorable Legislation.
- 8. Panchayats & Municipalities (Articles 243 243 ZG)
- 9. Emergency Provisions with Special References to Proclamation of Emergency and President's Rule.

- a. Constitution by Dr. J.N.Pandey
- b. Constitution by V.N.Shukla
- c. Shorter Constitution of India by D.D. Basu
- d. Constitutional Law of India by T.K.Tope
- e. Indian Constitutional Law by M.P.Jain

## Paper III

## Law of Contract

80 Marks

The course shall comprise of the following

- 1. Purpose, evaluation and scope of the law of contract.
- 2. Formation of Contract Essential conditions:
  - a. Proposal and acceptance: Meaning and law relating to communication of proposal, acceptance and its revocation.
  - b. Consideration: Meaning, essential conditions and doctrine of privates of contract.
  - c. Lawful object and lawful consideration.
  - d. Consent and free consent: Meaning and essential conditions including standard Form of Contracts.
  - e. Capacity to contract including nature and effects of minor's agreement
  - f. Void agreement: Meaning and agreements declared to be void by the Indian Contract Act, 1872 with special emphasis on agreements in restraint of trade and wagering agreements.
- 3. Discharge of Contract: Meaning and Modes:
  - i. Discharge by Performance
  - ii. Discharge by breach including anticipatory breach of contract.
  - iii. Discharge by agreement
  - iv. Discharge by impossibility of performance and its relation with English Law Doctrine of Frustration.
  - 4. Law Relating to certain Relations resembling those created by contract with special emphasis on doctrine of unjust enrichment.
  - 5. Remedies available under Indian Contract Act, 1872:
    - (a) Compensation: Meaning and nature
    - (b) Law relating to award of compensation in case of breach of contract.
    - (c) Liquidated damages and penalty.

- a. Indian Contract Act by T.P.Desai
- b. Indian Contract Act by S.K.Kapoor
- c. Indian Contract Act by Agarwal
- d. Marchantile Law by Sen & Mitra

### **Optional Paper**

80 Marks

## Maritime Law (Law of the Sea)

- I. Introduction: Historical development of the law of the sea, Sources of Maritime Law, Nature and scope of maritime law: Maritime law is a progressive law.
- II. Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zones etc.
  - a. Introductory
  - b. Baseline for measurement of the Territorial sea
  - c. Breadth of the Territorial Sea
  - d. Delimitation of Coastal States
  - e. The Present Legal Regime
  - f. Baselines
  - g. Legal Regime of the Territorial sea
  - h. Innocent passage.
- III. Changing concept of Maritime frontiers.
  - a. Rights of States over territorial waters and contagious zone.
  - b. Continental Shelf
  - c. Fishery Zone
  - d. Exclusive Economic zone
  - e. Principles under the customary and conventional Law for determination of Maritime frontiers and Maritime Boundaries under the customary and conventional law.
  - f. Deep sea bed resources: International Sea Bed Authority, its functions and powers.
  - g. Conservation of living Resources of the High Sea Problems of maritime pollution
  - h. Land locked states and the law of the sea
  - i. Sea as common Heritage of mankind. The future of the Law of Sea
  - j. Submarine Area, Continental Shelf, seabed and ocean floor.
  - k. The regime of the High Seas
    - i. The freedom of the High Sea
    - ii. The maintenance of order on the High Sea
    - iii. Jurisdiction over ships on the High Sea
    - iv. Oil Pollution casualties and piracy.
  - 1. International sea-bed Authority and its organs.

# Leading Cases

- a. Corfu channel Case ICJ Report 1949, P 4
- b. Anglo Norwegian Fisheries case ICJ Report 1951, P-116-18, ILR, P-86
- c. S.S. Lotus case 1927, PCIJ
- d. The North Sea continental shelf case ICJ Reports 1969 P-3
- e. Fishery Jurisdiction Case 1974

- a. Maritime Law by Hill Christopher
- b. Maritime Law by Salvage
- c. Maritime Law by G. Brice
- d. Maritime Law by Hudson
- e. Maritime & Commercial Law by Lloyd's

# Paper- V

# **General English**

80 Marks

- A. I. Importance of language of law.
  - II. Language of the Supreme Court, High Court, etc.
  - III. Problem of Language in drafting Documents.
  - IV. Golden Rules of Drafting.
- B. 1. Necessity and Background for Study of Legal Language in Syllabus of Law in India.2.What is Para phrasing. Distinction between paraphrasing and precis.
- C. 1. Patronyms.
  - 2. One Word- Substitution.
  - 3. Legal Terms Meanings.
  - 4. Meaning & uses of Idiomatic phrases.
- D. 1. Paragraph Writing Objective of a paragraph.2. Expansion: Paragraph Writing.
- E. Speech Training.
  - 1. Reading Newspaper
  - 2. Consulting use of dictionary of ascertaining of correct pronunciation.
  - 3. Reading almond with proper accentuation & pauses.
  - 4. Practice in guided oral presentation and pauses.
  - 5. Practice in Spontaneous oral presentation & group discussion.

# (Second Semester)

### Paper- I

## Law of Crimes (Indian Penal Code)

80 Marks

The Course shall comprise of the following: -

- 1. Definition and nature of crime, General Conditions creating criminal liability, Strict Liability.
- 2. General Exceptions:
- i. Mistake (Sections 76 and 79)
- ii. Accident (Section 80)
- iii. Necessity (Section 81)
- iv. Infancy (Sections 82-83)
- v. Unsoundness of mind (Section 84)
- vi. Intoxication (Section 85-86)
- vii. Right of Private Defense (Sections 96-106)
- 3. Joint and Constructive Liability (Sections 34 and 149)
- 4. Preliminary Offences, Attempt, Criminal Conspiracy.
- 5. Offences against Human Body.:
  - i. Culpable Homicide
  - ii. Murder.
  - iii. Kidnapping and Abduction
- 6. Offences against Property
  - i. Theft
  - ii. Extortion
  - iii. Robbery and Dacoity
- 7. Offences against Marriage
  - a. Bigamy
  - b. Adultery
- 8. Offences against State and Public Tranquility
  - a. Sedition
  - b. Rioting
  - c. Affray

- 1. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal Indian Penel Code
- 2. Batuklal Indian Penel Code
- 3. S.N.Mishra Indian Penel Code

# Semester –II

Paper- II

#### Constitutional Law -ii

80 Marks

The Course shall comprise of the following: -

- 1. Fundamental Rights General: Scheme of Fundamental Rights, who can claim Fundamental Rights: Against whom Fundamental Rights Are Available? Suspension of Fundamental Rights.
- 2. Fundamental Rights Specific: Emphasis shall be placed on the following Rights:
  - a. Right to Equality (Articles 14 to 18)
  - b. Right to Freedom of Speech and Expression (Article 19 (1) (a))
  - c. Protection in respect of conviction for offences (Article 20)
  - d. Right to Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21)
  - e. Safeguards against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention (Article 22)
  - f. Right against Exploitation (Article 23)
  - g. Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25 to 28)
  - h. Cultural and Educational Rights (Articles 29-30)
  - i. Right to Constitutional Remedies (Article 32)
- 3. Directive Principles of State Policy. Its Importance and Relationship with Fundamental Rights
- 4. Fundamental Duties. (Article 51-A)
- 5. Union Judiciary: The Supreme Court of India. Composition and Jurisdiction
- 6. Relation between the Union and the State. (Articles 245 to 293)
  - (a) Legislative Relations
  - (b) Administrative Relations
  - (c) Financial Relations
- 7. Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse (Articles 301 307)
- 8. Protection to Civil Servants. (Article 311)
- 9. Elections (Articles 324 329 A)
- 10. Amendment of the Constitution. 'Power and Procedure.' Basic Structure of the Constitution. (Article 368)

- 1. J.N.Pandey Constitutional Law of India
- 2. V.N.Shukla Constitutional Law of India
- 3. M.P.Jain Indian Constitutional Law
- 4. D.D.Basu Shorter Constitution of India
- 5. T.K.Tope Constitutional Law of India

# Semester –II

Paper III

### Family Law-I (Hindu Law)

80 Marks

The Course shall comprise of the following: -

- 1. Sources of Hindu Law.
  - (i)Ancient
  - (ii) Modern.
- 2. Schools of Hindu Law.
- 3. Law relating to marriage, Essential conditions, The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- 4. Matrimonial Remedies.
  - (i) Nullity
  - (ii) Restitution of conjugal rights.
  - (iii) Judicial Separation.
  - (iv) Dissolution of Marriage by Divorce.
- 5. Law of Succession: The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
  - (i) Succession to the interest in coparcenary property.
    - (ii) Succession to the property of Hindu Female 28
    - (iii) Succession to the property of Hindu male
  - (iv) Disqualifications of heirs.
- 6. Adoption
- 7. Minority and Guardianship
- 8. Joint Hindu Family and Coparcenary
- 9. Stridhan and Women's estate
- 10. Gift
- 11. Will

- i. Hindu Law by D.F. Mulla
- ii. Hindu Law by R.K.Agarwala
- iii. Hindu Law by K.C. Srivastava
- iv. Hindu Law by Paras Diwan
- v. Hindu Law by U.P.D. Kishri

Paper- IV

**Optional Papers** 

80 Marks

# Women and Criminal Law

I. The course aims at to study of specific offences relating to women with analysis of their causes and legal control.

- 1. The Dowry Prohibition Act,1961 Origin and socio-legal economic causes of dowry The Dowry Prohibition (Amendment) Act 1984 The Dowry Prohibition (Amendment}) Act 1986
- 2. Cruelty to Married Women Sec.498 A
  - i. Essential ingredients
  - ii. Significance as a Criminal Offence
  - iii. Misuses thereof
  - iv. Presumption under Indian Evidence Act, Sec.113 A.
- 3. Dowry Death, sec.304 B.
  - (i) Essential ingredients
  - (ii) Specific nature as an offence.
  - (iii) Penalty
  - (iv) misuses thereof
  - (v) Presumption of Dowry Death Sec.113 B of The Indian Evidence Act.
- 4. Law relating to Maintenance
- 5. The Protection Against Domestic Violence Act,2005
- 6. Law Relating to Rape/Sexual Assault.
- 7. Child Prostitution- The Menace and the legal Control.

# Semester –II

Paper- V

## Legal Language & Legal Writing

80 Marks

## 1. Short Essay in Hindi

- (a) Role of law in social reform
- (b) Social justice
- (c) Grampanchayat System
- (d) Freedom of Press
- (e) Secular State
- (f) Human Rights
- (g) Judical activism
- (h) Welfare State
- (i) Future of Indian democracy
- (j) Family court
- (k) Lok Adalat

### 2. Legal Terms (To translate in Hindi)

I. Action, Appellant, Agreement, Accused, Attorney General of India, Bail, Bond, Breach of Trust, Breach of Contract, Complaint, cross Examination, Civil Suit, Deed, Gift, Delegated Legislation, Defendant, Defence, Judicial Magistrate, Intention, Injunction, Investigation, Malice, Abolition, Alleged, Custody, Criminal trial, Confession, Co-accused, Divorce, Examination of Chief, Executive Magistrate, Evidence, Judicial Proceeding, Legal rights, Final disposal, Offence, Investigation, Ownership, Verification, Void, Victim, Warrant, Writ.

### 3.Legal Expressions and Phrases:-

- A. Admit to bail
- B. After adequate consideration
- C. As a matter of fact
- D. Action may be taken as proposal
- E. Judgement delivered
- F. Matter is under consideration
- G. May be permitted
- H. Order Communicated
- I. Necessary step should be taken
- J. Till further order
- K. The contract is void ab initio
- L. Recent trend in law
- M. Verification of plaint

- N. Petition dismissed
- O. Order passed
- P. Steps may be taken

## **4.Petition /Letter Writing**

- (a) Write a letter in Hindi to the Mukhiya of your Grampanchayat drawing his attention to a problem of your village.
- (b) Write a petition in Hindi to the relevant authority regarding communal tension between two communities in your area.
- (c) A woman is not being looked after by her husband. Draft a maintenance petition in Hindi.
- (d) Draft a petition in Hindi for the recovery of a loan of Rupees one thousand only in a Munsif Court for 'A' a creditor against 'B' a debtor.

## 4. Short notes in Hindi

- (a) Rule of law
- (b) Proficiency in regional language/Hindi
- (c) Legal Profession.

## LL.B. Part-II (Third Semester)

# **Semester** –**III**

Paper- IFamily Law -II (Muslim Law )80 Marks

The course shall comprise of the following

### **1. Introduction**

- 1.1. Who is a Muslim
- 1.2. Conversion
- 1.3. Apostasy

## 2. Sources of Muslim Law

### 3. Schools of Muslim Law

### 4. Marriage

- 4.1 Definition
- 4.2 Nature of marriage
- 4.3 Capacity of marriage
- 4.4. Essential of marriage.
- 4.5 Khyalul-bulag (Option of liberty)
- 4.6. Iddat
- 4.7. Classifications/kinds of marriage and legal effects of marriage

## 5.Dower(mahr)

- 5.1 Meaning
- 5.2 Nature
- 5.3 Kinds
- 5.4 Objects and subject matter
- 5.5 Wife's rights on non-payment of dower

### 6. Dissolution of marriage under Muslim Law

- 6.1 Talaq (Divorce)
- 6.2 Talaq-tafweez
- 6.3 Mubarat
- 6.4 Khula
- 6.5 Lien
- 6.6 Legal effects of divorce

### 7. The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act,1939

## 8 Maintenance of wives with reference to Section 125 of Cr.P.C.

8.1 Maintenance of wives with special reference or section 125 of Cr.P.C.

## 8.2 The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on divorce) Act,1986

## 9. Parentage and Legitimacy

- 9.1 Acknowledgement of legitimacy
- 9.2 Brief study of section 112 of the Evidence Act.

## 10. Will (Vasiyat)

- 10.1 Competence of testator and legatee
- 10.2 Valid subjects of will
- 10.3 Testamentary limitations
- 10.4 Formalities of a will and abetment of legacy

## 11. Gift

- 11.1Meaning and requisite of gift (Hiba)
- 11.2 Gift of Musha
- 11.3 Conditional and future gifts.
- 11.4 Life estate
- 11.5 Life interest
- 11.6 Hibba-bil-Ewaj
- 11.7 Hiba-ba-shari-ul-ebaj.

### **Recommended Books :**

Mohamdan Law By:-

- 1. Akil Ahmed
- 2. Paras Diwan
- 3. Taheer Mahmood
- 4. Mulla

## Paper- II

### **Property Law.**

80 Marks

- 1. Concept of Property
- 2. Important definitions under the Transfer of Property Act, 1982
  - a. Immovable Property
  - b. Attestation,
  - c. Actionable claims,
  - d. Notice
- 3. Meaning of Transfer of Property (Section 5)
- 4. Properties which cannot be transferred (Section 6)
- 5. Persons competent to transfer, incidents of transfer, Oral Transfer (Section 7,8, and 9 only).
- 6. Transfer for benefit to an Unborn Person and Rule against Perpetuity.
- 7. Vested and contingent Interests (Sections 19 and 21)
- 8. Doctrine of Election (Section 35)
- 9. Transfer by unauthorized persons (Sections 41 and 43)
- 10. Doctrine of Lis-Pendent (Section 53)
- 11. Fraudulent Transfer (Section 53and doctrine of Post-performance 53 A)
- 12. . Sale of Immovable Property: Definition and mode of sale and exchange (sections 54 and 118)
- 13. 13. Mortgage: Definitions: Mortgage, Mort gagger, Mortgagee, Mortgage Money, Mortgages Deed (Section 58), Charge (section 100)
- 14. Kinds of Mortgage (section 58) and creation of Mortgage (Section 59)
- 15. Right to Redeem, Partial Redemption, clog on redemption (Section 60) 38
- 16. Marshalling and Contribution (Sections 81 and 82)
- 17. Subrogation (Sections 91 and 92).
- 18. Leases of Immovable Property:
  - a. Definition of Lease (Section 105) and License
  - b. Leases how Made (Section 107)
  - c. Determination of Lease (section 111)
  - d. Effect of Holding Over (Section 116)

19. Gift.

- a. Definition of Gift (Section 122)
- b. Transfer how affected (Section 123)
- c. Onerous Gift (Section 127)
- d. Universal Donee (Section 128)

## **Recommended Books**

- i. Transfer of Property Act by S.M.Lahiri
- ii. Transfer of Property Act by S.N.Shukla
- iii. Transfer of Property Act by Mulla

### Paper- III

# Law of Torts

80 Marks

Nature and definition of tort + 2 Crime & Contract

- 1. Tort distinguished from crime and contract.
- 2. General differences in Tort: Volante non fit injuria, Act of God, Inevitable accident, statutory authority. Necessity, Mistake.
- 3. Vicarious liability: Master's liability for act of servant and liability of the Govt. or State.
- 4. Defamation
- 5. Remoteness of damage
- 6. Absolute and Strict liability
- 7. Tort against person: Assault, Battery, false imprisonment Malicious, Prosecution.
- 8. Nuisance.
- 9. Tort of Negligence: Essentials; contributory negligence, rule of Res Ipas Loquitur and Nervous Shock.
- 10. The Consumer Protection Act 1986: Salient features; Consumer Dispute Redressal Agencies.
- 11. Salient Features of the Motor Vehicle Act 1988 with Special reference to compulsory Insurance; Insurer's liability for third party risks.

- i. S.P.Singh Law of torts & consumer Protection
- ii. M.N.Shukla
- iii. N.V. Paranjape
- iv. Bangia
- v. P.S.A. Pillai
- vi. Ratan Lal
- vii. S.K.Kapoor

## Paper- IV.

## **Optional Papers**

80 Marks

## **Banking Law**

The course shall comprise of the following

- 1. Origin and Development of Banking System.
- 2. Relationship of Banker and Customer and their rights and duties
- 3. E- Banking System and Legal Aspects.
- 4. Laws Relating to the Banking Companies in India
- (I) The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
  - i. Evolution of Reserve Bank of India
  - ii. Compositions and functions of Reserve Bank of India
  - iii. Reserve Bank as a banker's bank and advisor to the Government
- (II) The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
  - i. Business of Banking Companies.
  - ii. Prohibited Banking Function.
  - iii. Suspension of Business and Winding Up of Banking companies
  - iv. Application to Co-operate Banks
- (III) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
  - i. Objectives scope and Commencement of the Act.
  - ii. Contravention and Penalties.
  - iii. Adjudication and Appeal
  - iv. Directorate of Enforcement
  - 5. Meaning and kinds of Negotiable Instruments.
  - 6. Endorsement, Negotiable and Assignability
  - 7. Holder and Holder in due course.
  - 8. Rights and Liabilities of Paying and Collecting Banker.
  - 9. Dishonor of Negotiable Instruments including criminal Liability of drawer and Protection of Collecting Banker.

- i. Banking Law by S.R.Mineni
- ii. Banking Law by Anjani Kant
- iii. Banking Law by Gupta

# Paper- VClinical Paper80 Marks

### **Professional Ethics & Professional Accountancy System**

Outline of the course:

Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar Bench Relations The course will be taught in association with practicing lawyers on the basis of the following materials.

- (i) Mr. Krishnamurthy Ayer's book on "Advocacy"
- (ii) The Contempt Law and Practice
- (iii) The Bar Council Code of Ethics)
- (iv) 50 selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils and 10 major judgements of the Supreme court on the subject
- (v) Other reading materials as may be prescribed by the University Examination rules of the University shall include assessment through case-study, viva, and periodical problem solution besides the written tests.

# Semester –IV

# Paper- I

## **Criminal Procedure Code.**

### 80 Marks

- i. The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (as Amended up to date)
- ii. The Juvenile Justice Act (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000
- iii. The Probation of offenders Act, 1958 All the above Acts with latest amendments are required to be studied.

### **Recommended Book**

Criminal Procedure Code by:

- 1. Ratanlal
- 2. S.N.Mishra
- 3. Batuklal

Paper- II

### **Public International Law**

### 80 Marks

- 1. Introductory
  - a. History of International Law.
  - b. Theories of International Law as to its basis
  - c. Codification in International Law
  - d. Nature, scope and present day position of International Law.
- 2. Sources of International Law
  - a. Treaties
    - b. Customs
    - c. General principles of International Law
    - d. United Nations General Assembly resolution as a source of International Law.
    - e. Non-statute, other sources of International Law.
- 3. Relationship between International Law and Municipal Law
  - a. Theories
  - b. State practice with reference to Indian practice.
- 4. Subjects of International Law
  - a. State including recognition of states and governments and state succession.
  - b. Individuals.
  - c. International Organizations and nonstarter entities.
  - d. Multinational companies and other private entities.
- 5. Jurisdiction of States
  - a. Territorial jurisdiction
  - b. Personal jurisdiction
  - c. Protective jurisdiction
  - d. Universal jurisdiction (terrorism, hijacking, narcotics, war-crimes and crimes against peace)
  - e. Diplomatic immunities and privileges
  - f. State immunity.
- 6. Law of State Responsibility
- (a) Responsibility arresting out of
  - i. Acts of State [ Direct responsibility]
  - ii. Act of Individuals [ Indirect responsibility]
- iii. Acts of co-operation
- iv. State responsibility for other subjects of International Law.
- (b) consequences of State Responsibility
- (c) Calvo clause- exhaustion of local remedies

7. Settlement of International disputes.

- i. Peaceful settlement of International disputes
- ii. Coercive settlement of International disputes [ with reference to provisions of the UN Charter]
- iii. War and UN Charter
- 8. International Transactions- treaties
  - a. Significance of Vienna Convention on Law of treaties.
  - b. Creation of treaty- steps involved
  - c. Termination, suspension and invalidation of treaties.
  - d. Interpretation of treaties
  - e. Retrospective effect of treaties
- 9. International Institutions.
  - a. Basic purpose, principles and membership of United Nations
  - b. Organs of United Nations- with special reference to General Assembly, Security Council and International Court of Justice.

- 1. 1.S.K.Kapoor Public International Law
- 2. M.P.Tandon Public International Law
- 3. J.G.Starke Public International Law
- 4. H.O.Agarwal Public International Law

## Paper III

#### **Company Law**

80 Marks

Introductory:

- 1. Definition and characteristics of a Company, Lifting of Corporate veil, company and partnership firm, kinds of company.
- 2. Formation of company: Registration, documents to be filed with the registrar, promoter, reincorporation contracts.
- 3. Memorandum of Association: Meaning, purpose, form, contents, alterations and doctrine of ultra vires.
- 4. Articles of association: Meaning, purpose, form, contents, alterations, doctrine of indoor management, relation between Memorandum and Articles.
- 5. Prospectus: Definition, contents, registration, effects of misstatement, penalty, statement in lieu of prospectus.
- 6. Membership in a Company: Member and shareholders, qualifications, modes of becoming member, cessation of membership, rights and liabilities, Register of members, Index of members.
- 7. Share Capital: Meaning kinds, alterations, reductions, voting rights, buy back of shares.
- 8. Shares: Definition, Nature, Types, Issues, allotment of share, share transfer, surrender, forfeiture, transmission of shares, share certificate, share warrant, dividends.
- 9. Borrowing Powers: Debentures, kinds of debentures, creation of charges, fixed and floating charges, effects of winding upon floating charge.
- 10. Management and Administration: Directors: Maximum number, Appointments, Restrictions on their appointments, Position of directors, disqualifications, their duties and liabilities, Board of directors- Meaning and powers.
- 11. Meetings: Kinds of Meetings, Notice of Meeting, contents of Notice, conduct of meetings, quorum, minutes, proxies, voting and poll resolutions, kinds of resolutions, Appointment of auditor, powers, rights and liabilities of auditor.
- 12. Majority Rule and Minority Rights: Rule in Foss Vs. Harbottle Case.
- 13. Prevention of Oppression and Management: Meaning, who can apply to National Company Law Tribunal, Powers of National Company Law Tribunal and Central Government.
- 14. Reconstruction and Amalgamation Compromises and arrangements
- 15. Winding up: Meaning, Type of Winding up, Petition for winding up, Commencement of winding up, Liquidator: his rights, duties and liabilities, Contributors, consequences of winding up, Dissolution of company. The Companies Act, 1956 (as amended up to date)

- 1. Dutta on Company Law.
- 2. Kapoor N.D. on Company Law.
- 3. Shah S.M.- Lectures on Company Law.
- 4. Singh Avtar : Company Law.
- 5. Taxman's Corporate Law.
- 6. The companies Act 1956 as amended up to the date.
- 7. Kailash Rai Company Law.

# Semester –IV

Paper- IV

**Optional Paper** 

80 Marks

## Humanitarian & Refugee Law

The course shall comprise of the following:

- 1. Meaning, origin and development of International Humanitarian Law
- 2. Fundamental Principles of International Humanitarian Law.
- **3.** Protected persons and protection available to them under international humanitarian Law.
- 4. Implementation and enforcement of international humanitarian Law.
- **5.** National Perspectives on international humanitarian Law.
- **6.** Meaning and definition of refugees and determination of refugee's status under international refugee Law.
- 7. Solution of refugee's problem.
- **8.** Status of refugees in India.

# Semester –IV

Paper- V

**Clinical Paper** 

80 Marks

### **Moot Court Exercise and Internship**

This paper may have three components of 30 marks each and a viva for 10 marks

- A. Moot Court (30 Marks). Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy.
- B. Observance of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal (30 marks): Students may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.
- C. Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations and Internship dairy (30 marks): Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary, which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which will carry 15 marks.
- D. The fourth component of this paper will be Viva Voce examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.

## LL.B. Part-III (Fifth Semester)

# Semester –V

## Paper- ICivil Procedure Code and Limitation Act80 Marks

The Course shall comprise of the following:

- 1. Judgement, decree, orders, Mesne profit and Foreign Judgement
- 2. Suit of Civil Nature, Resjudicata.
- 3. Cause of action, place of Suing, Framing of Issues.
- 4. Particular type of suit, Suit by indigent persons and suit by or against minor
- 5. Attachment: Property liable to attachment and sale in execution of decree.
- 6. Mode of execution: Decree for payment of money, decree for specific movable Property, decree for specific performance for restitution of conjugal rights or for an Injunction, decree for execution of document or endorsement of negotiable instrument. decree for immovable property.
- 7. Appeal: First appeal and Second appeal. Reference, review and revision.
- 8. Limitation: Suits, appeal and applications, Effect of sufficient cause for not preferring an appeal or naming an application within a period of limitation, legal disabilities and acknowledgement in writing.

- i. Mulla The Code of Civil Procedure
- ii. Tandan M.P. Civil Procedure code
- iii. Tanwani C.K. The C.P.C. 53
- iv. Taxman's The code of civil procedure 1908
- v. Awasthi S.K. Law of Limitation

# Semester –V

#### Paper- II

### Law of Evidence

80 Marks

The Indian Evidence Act 1872

(With latest amendments and up-to-date case law)

- i. Preliminary (Secs. 1 to 4) (Objects, application and definitions)
- ii. Evidence of facts in issue and relevant facts only (Sec.4)
- iii. What facts are relevant (secs.6 to 16)
- iv. Admissions (secs. 17 to 31)
- v. Statement by persons who cannot be called as witnesses (Secs.32 & 33)
- vi. statement made under special circumstances (Secs.34 to 39)
- vii. Relevancy of Judgements (Secs.40 to 44)

viii. Relevancy of opinions of third persons (Secs.45 to51)

- ix. Relevancy of Character (Secs.52 to55)
- x. Facts which need not be proved (Secs.56 to58)
- xi. Oral Evidence (Secs.59 to60)
- xii. Documentary evidence (Secs.61 to7 3)
- xiii. Public Document (Secs.74 to 78)
- xiv. Presumptions as to Documents (Secs.79 to 90-A)
- xv. Exclusion of oral by documentary evidence (Secs.91 to100)
- xvi. Burden of Proof (Secs.101 to114-A)
- xvii. Estoppel (Secs.115 to117)
- xviii. Competency of Witnesses (Secs.118 to134)
  - xix. Examination of Witnesses (Secs.135 to166)
  - xx. Improper admission and rejection of evidence(Sec.167)

#### **Recommended Books and Readings**

- 1. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal The Law of Evidence.
- 2. Batuklal The Law of Evidence.
- 3. Avtar Singh The Law of Evidence.
- 4. Dr.Satish Chandra Indian Evidence Act.

## Paper III

### **Administrative Law**

80 Marks

- 1. Nature and scope of Administrative Law, Necessity of Administrative Law in Modern State.
- 2. Rule of Law and Separation of Powers
- 3. Delegated Legislation:
  - a. Nature, meaning and Growth.
  - b. Constitutional Validity
  - c. Judicial control: Doctrine of UTRA VIRES; Legislative control (Parliamentary Control) sub delegation.
- 4. Principles of Natural Justice: Bias, Audi Alter am Partum or rule of fair Hearing.
- 5. Administrative Tribunals:
  - a. Nature, growth and need.

b. Judicial Control on Administrative Tribunals: Doctrine of ULTRA VIRES; Lack of Jurisdiction.

- 6. Administrative discretion.
  - I. Judicial review of administrative discretion.
  - II. Judicial control of exercise of administrative discretion.
- 7. Commission of Inquiry:
  - a. Nature, scope, need and functions.
  - b. Procedure and legal status
- 8. Judicial control of administrative action through writs.:
  - a. General conditions for using of writs,
  - b. The writs.
  - c. The scope of review through writs.
  - 9. Suits against the Govt.in torts and contract, court Privileges in Legal Proceeding.
  - 10. The Ombudsman: The necessity of Ombudsman. Judicial Control of Ombudsman in India. - The Lokpal and Lokayukta.
  - 11. The Right to information Act,2005.
  - 12. Public Corporations and undertakings.

### Text Books

- a. Basu D.D. Administrative Law.
- b. D.D.Basu- Comparative Administrative Law.
- c. Kagazi- Administrative Law.
- d. Takwani K.C.Lecturers on Administrative Law.
- e. Massey- Administrative Law.
- f. Rai Kailash- Administrative Law.
- g. Sathe S.P.- Administrative Law.
- h. U.P.D. Keshri Administrative Law.

# Semester –V

Paper- IV

## **Optional Paper**

**80 MARKS** 

### Intellectual Property Rights Law & I.P.R. Litigation

The course shall comprise of the following .: -

- 1. The Concept of Property vis-a vis intellectual Property.
  - a. Concept of Property and theories of Property an Overview.
  - b. Theories of Intellectual Property Rights
  - c. Social and Economic Development and Role of Intellectual Property System.
  - d. Need for Protection Intellectual Property-Policy Consideration National Perspectives and International Demands
- 2. Kinds of Intellectual Property organized Development an Overview.
- 3. Intellectual Property Rights as Human Rights.
- 4. Role of International Institutions WIPO
  - a. WIPO
  - b. Function of WIPO
  - c. Membership of WIPO
  - d. Agreement between WIPO and WTO
  - e. Dispute Settlement New Treaties.
  - 5. International Legal Instruments Relating to IPR-Paris Convention, Berne Convention, PCT etc.
  - 6. IPR Litigation vis-à-vis general litigation
  - 7. Nature and Complexities of IPR Litigation, I.P.R. Litigation and National Interest.

### **Books for Reference**

- a. Dr. B.L.Wadehra
- b. Shiv Sahai Singh
- c. N.K.Acharya
- d. J.P.Mishra
- e. Dr. S.P.Mynehi

# Semester –V

Paper -V

### **Clinical Paper**

80 Marks

### **Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing**

#### **Outline of the course:**

- a. Drafting: General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules shall be taughtb. Pleading: -
- I. Civil: Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Articles 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India.
- II. Criminal: Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.
- III. Conveyance: Sale Deed, Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed, Gift Deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed
- IV. Drafting of writ petition and PIL petition. The course will be taught class instructions and simulation exercises, preferably with assistance of practicing lawyers/retired judges. Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of law, the course may include not less than 15 practical exercise in drafting carrying a total of 45 marks (3 marks for each) and 15 exercises in conveyancing carrying another 45 marks (3 marks in each exercise) remaining 10 marks will be given for viva-voce.

### LL.B. Part-III (Sixth Semester)

# Semester –VI

## Paper I

## **1.** Principles of Taxation

80 Marks

For this paper the following Acts are prescribed.

- a. The Income Tax Act 1961 (Upto date)
- b. The Wealth Tax Act 1958 (Upto date)
- c. The Central Excise Tax Act 1944 (Upto date)

- a. V.K.Singhania Students guide to Income Tax
- b. Taxman's Income Tax Act
- c. Singhania Vinod Tax direct Tax law and practice
- d. Nani Palkivala Taxation

# Semester –VI

Paper- II

## **Environmental Law**

80 Marks

The course shall comprise of the following:

- 1. Constitutional Aspects
  - a. Distribution of Legislative Power
  - b. Directive Principles of State Policy
  - c. Fundamental Duties
  - d. Fundamental Rights
- 2. The water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1974
  - a. Salient Features of the Act.
  - b. Definitions
  - c. Authorities Composition, Power and function.
  - d. Mechanism to Control the Pollution.
  - e. Sanctions.
- 3. The Air (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act,1981
  - a. Salient Features of the Act.
  - b. Definitions
  - c. Authorities- Composition, Power and function.
  - d. Mechanism to control the Pollution.
  - e. Sanctions
- 4. Control of Noise Pollution
  - a. The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control Rules),2000
  - b. Judicial Control.
- 5. The Wildlife (Protection), Act, 1972.
  - a. Salient Features of the Act.
  - b. Authorities, Powers and Functions.

# Semester –VI

# Paper III

## Labour Law

80 Marks

(With latest amendments and case - law)

- 1. The Industrial Dispute Act 1947
- 2. The Factories Act 1948
- 3. The Trade Union Act, 1926
- 4. The Workmen's Compensation Act 1923

- 1. Labour law by S.N.Mishra
- 2. Labour law by S.K.Mishra
- 3. Labour law by V.G.Goswami
- 4. Labour law by Taxman

Paper IV

## **Optional Paper**

80 Marks

## Land Tenure

### 1. The B.T. Act, 1885

- i. SS-1-3Pretimery
- ii. SS-4-5 Classes of tenants and occupancy rights
- iii. SS-25 Ejectment of Tenants S-44-46
- iv. 86-87 Surrender and adondment
- v. 100-103 Rights of records
- vi. Protected Tenant Chapter VII A S-49, A-G
- vii. Use of Lands and trees S-23
- 2. Rent S-3(5)
- i. Enhancement of Rent S-29-30
- ii. Rent is the first charge S-65
- iii. Commutation of Rent S-40
- iv. When rent can be deposited in court S-61
- 2. The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950 (Ss- 01-07)
- 3. The Bihar Land Reforms 1962 (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Ceiling Area and Acquisition of Surplus Land) Act 1962 (Act 12 of 1962)

### Leading Cases

- a. Mahadeo Mandal and Others Vs. Lillo Mandal and Others, A.I.R., 1967 Pat 279 (F.B.)
- b. Dr. Sudhir Kumar Mukherjee and Other Vs Nirsi Dhobi and Others A.I.R., 1961, Pat (F.B.)
- c. Most Dukho Debi and Others Vs Juhitlal Mandal and others, A.I.R., 1967 Pat 434 63
- d. Shah Mohammad Habi Sajjada Nasim Vs. Mouivimanjoor Ali and other, A.I.R., 1966 Pat
- e. Bhagwati Sharma Vs. Baidnath Sharma, A.I.R., 1954 Pat 308 (F.B.)
- f. Suraj Ahir and Othrs Vs. Prithwinath Singh 1069 B L.J.R.I.

### **Books for Reference**

- a. Land Tenure by A.Fazal Advocate
- b. Ray and Sharma BLR Act 1950
- c. Singh and Singh BLR Act 1950
- d. Ajit Gopal Roy B.T.Act 1885
- e. P.C. Arora B.T.Act 1885
- f. A.G.Roy B.T.Act 1885
- g. S.P.Srivastava B.T.Act 1885

# Semester -VI

### Paper V

### **Clinical Paper**

80 Marks

### **Alternate Dispute Resolutions**

Outline of the course:

- i. Negotiation skills to be learned with simulated program
- ii. Conciliation skills
- iii. Arbitration Law and Practice including International arbitration and Arbitration rules. The course is required to be conducted by senior legal practitioners through simulation and case studies. Evaluation may also be conducted in practical exercises at least for a significant part of evaluation. Sri Ram Jee Singh Drafting/Pleading

### I. Civil

1. Plaint in a suit for:

- i. Specific performance of a contract.
- ii. Recovery of money on the basis of a Promissory note
- iii. Recovery of money for price of goods sold or work done.
- iv. Partition of Joint Hindu Family Property.
- v. Suit for dissolution of partnership and accounts.
- vi. Permanent injunction (Public nuisance)
- vii. Damages for Defamation
- viii. Suit for possession against a trespasser.
- ix. Mesne profits.
- x. Suit for cancellation of sale deed.
- xi. Suit for possession by landlord against tenant lender under the Maharashtra Rent Control Act,1999
- xii. Written statement of the above suits.
- 1. (a) Affidavit
- 2. Execution petition i.e. Darkhast on the basis of civil Court.
- 3. Matrimonial: (Original Petition) Petition under the Hindu Marriage Act,1955 and the Special Marriage Act,1954.
  - a. Restitution of conjugal rights
  - b. Judicial separation
  - c. Divorce
  - d. Divorce by mutual consent
- 4. Petition for
  - a. Succession Certificate.
  - b. Probate on the basis of will

- 5. Petition under Articles 32 and 226 of Constitution of India.
  - a. Habeas Corpus
  - b. Mandamus
  - c. Prohibition
  - d. Certiorari
  - e. Quo warranto
  - 1. Application for compensation before the Motor Accidents Claims Tribunal under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.
  - 2. Complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
  - 3. Interlocutory application (Interim Relief)
  - 4. Memorandum of appeal, revision and review.
  - 5. Application under the code of Civil procedure 1908.
    - i. Taking adjournment
    - ii. substituted Service
    - iii. Amendment of the plaint or written statement
    - iv. Granting leave to deliver Interrogatories order
    - v. Bringing legal heirs and representative on record.
    - vi. Setting aside and abetment of the suits
    - vii. Appointment of a commission
    - viii. Attachment of the property of the defendant before judgement.
    - ix. Appointment of receiver.
    - x. Permission to sue as Indigent person.
    - xi. Caveat application

## (II) Criminal

(1) A Private Criminal complaint in court relating to:

- a. Criminal Trespass, hurt, abuse and threatening.
- b. Cheating.
- c. Defamation
- d. Bigamous marriage
- e. Under Section 498 A
- f. Complaint under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instrument Act.
- 2.(a) Application for maintenance or written statement to the same
- (b) Application for execution of maintenance order already for enhancement of maintenance.
- (c) Application for enhancement of maintenance.
- 3. Memorandum of Appeal and revision.
  - a. Bail before a magistrate
    - b. Bail before a session court
  - c. Anticipatory Bail
  - d. Bail before the court convicting as accused who intends to present an appeal.
  - e. Application for cancellation of bail.
  - f. Cancellation of warrant issued against the accused.
  - g. Calling and recalling of witness.
  - h. Disposal of property under Sections 451,452 of Cr.P.C.

## **III.** Conveyancing

- i. Sale Deed
- ii. Mortgage Deed
- iii. Lease Deed
- iv. Gift Deed
- v. Promissory Note
- vi. Power of Attorney
- vii. Will Deed
- viii. Legal Notices
- ix. Assignments, Deed of Exchange
- x. Adoption Deed
- xi. Deed of Dissolution of Partnership
- xii. Deed of Public Trust
- xiii. Partition Deed
- xiv. Partnership Deed
- xv. Leave and License

# **Alternate Dispute Resolutions**

- a. Models of Dispute Settlement, Litigation versus Arbitration, Model of Alternative Dispute Resolutions, Negotiation, Conciliation, Mediation, Mini-Trial, Fst Tract Arbitration, Nature, Scope, limitations and necessity of alternative models of disputes resolution.
- b. Administrative tribunals Articles 323 A and B
- c. Family Court under the Family Court Act, 1984
- d. Consumer council and forums under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- e. Settlement of Dispute through Lok Adalat and Lok Nyayalaya Grassroots Justice and Panchayat System for Resolution of Dispute.